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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/758,538	01/11/2001	Hans Heinle	1-22914 9389		
7590 04/21/2005			EXAMINER		
MacMillan, Sobanski & Todd, LLC			BURCH, MELODY M		
Fourth Floor One Maritime	Plaza	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
720 Water Street			3683		
Toledo, OH 43604			DATE MAILED: 04/21/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<u> </u>						
		Applicati	Application No. Applicant(s)				
		09/758,5	38	HEINLE ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit	/		
		Melody M		3683			
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communica r Reply	tion appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	correspondence ac	idress		
A SHC THE M - Extens after S - If the I - Failure Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA sions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 bix (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) de period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, eply received by the Office later than three months after d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no exaction. ays, a reply within the sta any period will apply and v by statute, cause the app	vent, however, may a reply be tin tutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from blication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	on <u>05 April 2005</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositio	on of Claims						
5)□ (6)⊠ (7)□ (Claim(s) <u>12-22</u> is/are pending in the appear of the above claim(s) is/are version is/are version is/are version is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>12-22</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from co					
Application	on Papers						
9)□ ⊤	he specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.					
10)∐ T	0)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s)	oe held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the high control in the cath or declaration is objected to by	·	-,,		• •		
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doce action from the International see the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have bee cuments have bee he priority docum Bureau (PCT Rul	en received. en received in Application ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage		
Attachment(•		🗖				
	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) 🔲 Informa	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal P. 6) Other:		O-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after allowance or after an Office action under *Ex Parte Quayle*, 25 USPQ 74, 453 O.G. 213 (Comm'r Pat. 1935). Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, prosecution in this application has been reopened pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/5/05 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 16-20 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Re: claim 16. The phrase "the control element" in line 1 is indefinite. It is unclear to the Examiner since Applicant previously recited more than one control element.

Re: claim 18. The phrase "the drive shaft" in line 2 lacks proper antecedent basis in the claim.

Re: claim 22. The phrase "the predetermined switching temperature" in the last line of the claim lacks proper antecedent basis.

The remaining claims are indefinite due to their dependency from claim 16.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 12-17, 21, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 6220416 to Katoh et al. in view of US Patent 5634348 to Ikeda et al.

Re: claims 12, 14, 15, and 21. Katoh et al. show in figure 1 a drive for cooling fans in motor vehicles, the drive comprising: a primary cooling circuit or path directed to element 19 and the unnumbered fins including a primary cooler or unnumbered fins shown above and below element 19, a primary temperature sensor 19, at least two secondary coolers 7,8 located in respective secondary cooling circuits or the paths directed to elements 7 and 8, respectively, a fluid friction clutch including driving 15 and driven 21 clutch members and a reservoir 11 for a viscous fluid the reservoir being limited by a separating member 13 and being connectable to a working chamber 12 by at least one first opening 14 shown in figure 3 in the separating member, the working chamber extending into a region between the clutch members in which torque is transmitted from the driving clutch member to the driven clutch member by the viscous fluid, and wherein filling of the working chamber with the viscous fluid is controlled by a first control element 26a shown in figure 3 opening and closing the first opening in the

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separating member depending on the temperature of cooling air or cooled atmospheric air passing through the primary cooler sensed by the primary temperature sensor as disclosed in col. 6 lines 45-47, characterized in that one of the at least two secondary cooling circuits, particularly element 8, includes at least one secondary temperature sensor 8a shown in figure 8 (although the sensor is described as a pressure sensor, Examiner notes that the pressure sensor also functions as a temperature sensor by virtue of the directly proportional relationship between pressure and temperature discussed in col. 8 lines 51-55) being operatively connected to a control unit 30 arranged to control a second control element 32 shown in figure 3 wherein the separating member comprises at least one second opening 23, the second control element being arranged in the working chamber, the control unit moving the second control element to open and close the at least one second opening by way of the cooperation with element 31 in accordance with the temperature sensed by one or more of the secondary sensors to control the filling of the working chamber with the viscous fluid, and wherein control of the second control element is independent of control of the first control element.

Katoh et al. do not include the limitation of *each* of the at least two secondary cooling circuits associated with the heat exchangers or secondary coolers 7,8 including a secondary temperature sensor operatively connected to the control unit.

lkeda et al. teach in figures 1 and 2 and in col. 5 lines 7-13 the use of two cooling circuits associated with heat exchangers 3 and 4 including respective temperature sensors 38 and 39, respectively, operatively connected to a control unit 40.

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the secondary cooling circuits of Katoh et al. to each have included temperature sensors operatively connected to the control unit, as taught by Ikeda et al., in order to provide a means of providing signals to actuate a device that adjusts fluid flow and thus adjusts the operation mode of a cooling apparatus as taught by Ikeda et al.

Re: claim 13. See figure 3.

Re: claim 16. Katoh et al., as modified, teach in figure 1 of Katoh et al. the limitation wherein the control element is connected to the control unit by an actuation member 29.

Re: claim 17. Katoh et al., as modified, teach in figure 1 of Katoh et al. the limitation wherein the actuation member 29 extends through a concentric bore of a drive shaft 2 and the control unit 30 engages the actuation member extending from the drive shaft.

Re: claim 22. Katoh et al., as modified, teach in figure 8 of Katoh et al. the limitation wherein the magnet 30 is controlled by an electronic circuit 9a, the secondary temperature sensors forming part of the electronic circuit, and wherein the magnet is moved to open the at least one second opening if either one of the secondary temperature sensors detects a temperature above the predetermined switching temperature as disclosed in col. 8 lines 55-65 of Katoh et al.

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6. Claims 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 6220416 to Katoh et al. in view of Ikeda, as applied to claim 16 above, and further in view of US Patent 5381761 to Tanaka.

Katoh et al., as modified, describe the invention substantially as set forth above including a control unit arrangement, but do not include the limitation of the specific control unit arrangement as claimed.

Tanaka teaches in figure 1 the use of a similar drive for cooling fans in a motor vehicle including the limitation wherein a control unit 72,79,80 is rotatably arranged in a chambr of a drum 74 driving a drive shaft 25 and a working fluid flows through the chamber to the same extent as Applicant's wherein the control unit is rotatably supported in the drum by a roller bearing 76 and wherein the control unit includes a piston 80 and cylinder 72 actuator, the piston being connected to the actuation member as shown in figure 1 wherein the piston includes first and second surfaces, the first or left surface being subjected to a force of a biasing element 86, and the second surface being subjected to a force generated by an element 78 which expands with rising temperatures to open an at least one second opening 61.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the control unit arrangement of Katoh et al., as modified, to have included a control unit arrangement, as taught by Tanaka, in order to provide an equally effective mechanical means (as opposed to an electromechanical means) of actuating a component to adjust the opening of a fluid supply port depending on manufacturing costs and device space requirements.

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Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melody M. Burch whose telephone number is 571-272-7114. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (6:30 AM-3:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles A. Marmor can be reached on 571-272-7095. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

mmb
April 15, 2005

Melody M. Burch 4/15/05